

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PUTTY

Product code 1250069411

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

based on use descriptor system given by guideline of the European Chemical Agency

Sector of use SU 3, SU 22 Product category PC9b Further information see chapter Exposure scenario

The product is only for industrial and/or professional use, not for any private consumer use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking Identification

Importer Axalta Coating Systems Belgium BVBA

Street/Box Antoon Spinoystraat 6b
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City BE 2800 Mechelen
Telephone +32 15 47 8500
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Information on SDS

 Responsible Department
 Regulatory Affairs

 Telephone
 +49 (0)202 529-2385

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1.4. Emergency telephone

Emergency telephone number of manu- +(44)-870-8200418

facturer

For further information, please also consult our Internet site

http://www.axaltacoatingsystems.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC.

The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the mixture

According to European Directive 1999/45/EC as amended.

Classification: Harmful; Irritant; Flammable;

[R10] Flammable. [R20] Harmful by inhalation. [R36/37/38] Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. [R48/20] Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Repr. 2, H361; STOT RE 1, H372;

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to European Directive 1999/45/EC.

Symbol and indication of hazard.





Xn Harmful

Contains styrene.

R-phrase(s)

R10 | Flammable.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

S-phrase(s)

S23 Do not breathe vapour.

S38 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Pictogram and Signal word of the product







Signal word: Danger

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

Contains styrene

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Restricted to professional users.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

This product is a mixture. Health hazard information is based on its components.



3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Mixture of synthetic resins, pigments, and solvents

Hazardous components

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Directive 67/548/EEC.

CAS 100-42-5 styrene

EC 202-851-5 REACh 01-2119457861-32 12.50 - < 15.00 %

Classification R10; Xn: R20; Xi: R36/37/38; Xn: R48/20; Xn: R65; NotaD

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

CAS 100-42-5 styrene

EC 202-851-5 REACh 01-2119457861-32 12.50 - < 15.00 %

Classification Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319;

Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335; Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 1, H372;

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412; Note D;

Up to the given revision date of this safety data sheet only the above mentioned REACh registration numbers are assigned to the chemical substances used in this mixture.

Additional advice

See full text of R-phrases in chapter 16. See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Please see practical experience in section 11.



4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not inhale vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems. Please avoid any emission of volatile organic compounds as possible.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8).

Section 7. Handling and storage



7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. If material is a coating, do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without an appropriate respirator or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Observe label precautions. Refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS) for further information about storage temperature. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the requirements of the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). Up to 250 litres of such flammable liquids may be stored in a work area provided they are kept in a fire-proof cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate storeroom conforming to the structural requirements of the regulations. Further guidance is contained in the HSE ACOP L135, "Storage of Dangerous Substances."

Advice on common storage

Store separately from oxidizing agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

Do not store together with explosives, gases, oxidizing solids, products which form flammable gases in contact with water, oxidizing products, infectious products and radioactive products.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Please see exposure scenarios as given in the annex.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

DNEL

No information available.

PNEC

No information available.

Community / national occupational exposure limits

	CAS-No.	Chemical Name		Time	Type	Value	Note
			Source		• •		
•	100-42-5	styrene		15 min	STEL	1,080 mg/m3	
				15 min	STEL	250 ppm	
				8 hr	TWA	430 mg/m3	
				8 hr	TWA	100 ppm	



8.2. Exposure controls

Additional technical information on the plant

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Mask with gas filter, type A (EN 141)

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

Environmental exposure controls

Do not let product enter drains. For ecological information refer to section 12.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

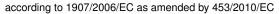
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form: liquid Colour: brown Odour: Odour is not perceptible.

Important health, safety and environmental information

Property	Value	Method
рН	pH cannot be measured due to less solubility in wa-	
	ter.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point/boiling range	145 °C	
Flash point	33 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523





20°C - DIN 53217/ISO 2811

ISO 2431 - 1993 6 mm

DIN 51794 based on organic solvent

Evapouration rate Slower than Ether

Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant as product is liquid

Lower explosion limit no data available Upper explosion limit no data available Vapour pressure 1.1 hPa Vapour density no data available

Relative density 1.82 g/cm^3 Solubility(ies)

Water solubility partly miscible

Solubility in other solvents miscible with most organic solvents Listed in: Section

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Partition coefficient: This product is a mixture. For ingredient details see

n-octanol/water section 12 Auto-ignition temperature 490 °C

content Decomposition temperature

This product is a mixture. For further information see

section 10.

Viscosity (23 °C) > 100 sExplosive properties Not explosive Oxidizing properties not oxidizing

9.2. Other data

Solvent separation test < 3% ADR/RID

Content of volatile components 13.8 % Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.01 kPa

(including water) organic solvent content 13.8 % Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.01 kPa Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.1 hPa European VOC 13.8 %

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials to avoid

not required under normal use

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General observations

There is no data available on the product. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See sections 2 and 3 for details.



Practical experience

Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Acute toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity

EINECS-No.	Chemical Name	Species	Туре	Expo- sure	Value	Method
				time		
202-851-5	styrene	rat	LC50	4 h	2,770 ppm	

irritant effects

The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Inhalation of mist causes irritation of respiratory system. May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses. The data in this section is consistent with data from chemical safety reports available at the date of revision.

12.1. Toxicity

No information available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on available data no ingredient is classified for this hazard property (please see section 3).

12.6. Other adverse effects

The preparation was evaluated in accordance with the conventional method of the preparation directive 1999/45/EG and was not classified as environmental dangerous.

Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX)

Product does not contain organic linked halogens contributing to AOX.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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according to 1907/2006/EC as amended by 453/2010/EC



Product

Recommendation:

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

Waste Key Number Description

08 01 11

waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Uncleaned packaging

Recommendation:

Properly emptied containers are to be scrap processed or reconditioned. Improperly emptied containers are considered hazardous waste (waste key number 150110). Waste, including emptied containers, is controlled waste. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. If fully drained containers are compacted they can be regarded as Controlled Waste and disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (GB), the Pollution Control and Local Government (NI) Order 1978 (NI) or of the EC (Waste) Regulations 1979 and the EC (Toxic & Dangerous Waste) Regulations 1982 (IRL).

Section 14. Transport information

Transport only in accordance with the requirements of the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (Classification, Packaging and Labeling), ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard class

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: 3

Subsidiary hazard class

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: Not applicable.

Labels



Tunnel restriction code

ADR/RID: D/E

Special Provisions

ADR/RID: 640E

Kemler Code

ADR/RID: 30



Hazchem Code

ADR/RID: 3Y

EmS

IMDG: F-E,S-E

14.4. Packaging group

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: none

Marine pollutant

IMDG: no

14.6. Special precautions for user

please see section 6 - 8

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Deliveries shall only be made based on appropriate packaging and in compliance with traffic laws.

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National legislation

This safety datasheet has been prepared according to British legislation.

The product is labeled according to the Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002 as amended (CHIP Regulations). The risk associated with the use of this product must be assessed in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations and the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations.

Restricted to professional users.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No safety checks were carried out on the mixture.

Section 16. Other information

Full text of R phrases with no. appearing in section 3

R10 | Flammable.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.



Full text of H phrases with no. appearing in section 3

H226 Flammat	
H304 May be f	atal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes	skin irritation.
H319 Causes	serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful	f inhaled.
H335 May caus	se respiratory irritation.
	damage to the kidneys/ liver/ eyes/ brain/ digestive system/ central nervous sys- igh prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Substance No.	CAS no: www.cas.org./EO/regsys.html EC no: http://ecb.jrc.it/esis/index.php?PGM=ein
Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Directive 67/548/EEC.	http://ecb.jrc.it/existing-chemicals/ http://ecb.jrc.it/classification-labelling/ http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ipcs/icstart.html
Other directives, limitations and prohibitory regulations	Directive 76/769/EC Directive 98/24/EC Directive 90/394/EC Directive 793/93/EC Directive 1999/45/EC Directive 2006/8/EC EUR-LEX: http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex
Exposure limit for the pure substance	http://osha.europa.eu/OSHA

Training advice

Directive 76/769/EC Directive 98/24/EC

Further information

The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and meets the requirements of EU and national laws. The user's working conditions however, are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without a written permission. It remains the responsibility of the user to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to meet the laws and regulations. Handling of the product may only be done by people above 18 years of age, who are satisfactorily informed of how to do the work, the hazardous properties and necessary safety precautions. The information given in this SDS is to describe the product only in terms of health and safety requirements and should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.

Report version

 Version
 Changes

 2.3
 2, 4, 9

Revision Date: 2016-02-26



Annex - Exposure scenarios

Consolidated exposure assessment for industrial and professional use of coating material

The consolidated exposure assessment provides specific information on how a hazardous substance (in a mixture) is to be managed and controlled. It considers specific conditions of use, in order to ensure that a use is safe to humans and the environment. Compliance with operational conditions and risk management measures is required if the exposure assessment is annexed to a mandatory safety data sheet. In this case, identified risk management measures are to be implemented unless the downstream user is able to ensure safe use in a diverging way.

1. Consolidated exposure assessment (type 1) for application of putty

Free short title:

Industrial or professional application of putties with a putty knife (professional use in close to industrial setting)

Systematic title based on use descriptors:

Sector of use SU 22. SU 3 Product category PC9b

PROC4 (covering PROC2), PROC5 (covering PROC3), Process category

PROC8a (covering PROC8b), PROC10

ERC4, ERC5, ERC6d Environmental release category

Activities covered:

Preparing (adding activator), transferring/loading, application of putty, drying and curing of putty

Contributing scenarios:

PROC4 (covering PROC2) PROC5 (covering PROC3) Applicable for: Adding of activator, adjustment of viscosity PROC8a (covering PROC8b) PROC10

Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) Applicable for: Application with a putty knife

2. Operational conditions and risk management measures

2.1. Contributing environmental scenario

Preparing, transferring/loading, application with a putty knife, drying and curing of putty

Process conditions:

No transfer to process waste water stream; specific assessment of environmental exposure obsolete

2.2. Contributing worker scenarios

Preparing, transferring/loading, application with a putty knife, drying and curing of putty

	PROC	DOA	LEV/TRV	RPE	DPE
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2
Transferring	8a (covering 8b)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2
Applying with putty knife	10	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2
Curing	4 (covering 2)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2

Further specification:

Above parameters represent standard (default) assumptions according to CEPE mapping of operational conditions Valid information on risk management measures for specific formulation is provided in part 3. Deviation options are explained in part 4 (scaling).



3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure assessment bases on initial scenarios for the used chemicals in this preparation as provided by manufactuters and importers. Identification of a lead substance indicator per route is based on the DPD+ methodology, taking into account content, dustiness and hazard characteristics. Use of the mixture is considered safe when conditions for safe use of the lead substance indicator are respected. Risk assessment is not applicable as long as no initial exposure scenarios are available.

3.1. Environmental assessment

No relevant ecotoxicological impact expected; specific description and assessment of environmental exposure obsolete;

3.2. Worker assessment

Assessment method:

ECETOC TRA version 3.0

Advice on dermal protection equipment is based on Axalta expert judgement Reactive diluant (styrene) is released in range 1 to 5 % only.

Preparing, transferring/loading, application with a putty knife, drying and curing of putty - professional setting

	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI % range	DOA	LEV / TRV	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Transferring	8a (covering 8b)	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	-	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Applying with putty knife	10	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	-	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Curing	4 (covering 2)	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_

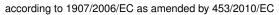
Preparing, transferring/loading, application with a putty knife, drying and curing of putty - industrial setting

	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI %	DOA	LEV /	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
				range		TRV				
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical	none	_	_	_
						room				
						ventila-				
						tion				
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant	_	_
								gloves,		
								training		
Transferring	8a (covering	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical	none	_	_	-
	8b)					room				
						ventila-				
						tion				

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	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI % range	DOA	LEV /	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Applying with putty knife	10	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Curing	4 (covering 2)	Inhalation	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	_	_
		Skin	styrene	> 5%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_

Further specification:

Above exposure assessment is performed for coating material as supplied. Exposure assessment requires adaptation to ready for use mixture (addition of peroxide component)

4. Guidance to downstream user to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the exposure scenario

Part 4 is common and is available at the end of the Annex.

1. Consolidated exposure assessment (type 3) for sanding

Free short title:

Industrial or professional sanding of cured putty (professional use in close to industrial setting)

Systematic title based on use descriptors:

Sector of use SU 22, SU 3
Product category PC9b
Process category PROC24
Environmental release category ERC12a

Activities covered:

Sanding of cured putty

Contributing scenarios:

spERC x4 Wet sanding/wet dust collection in serial production spERC x5 Wet sanding/wet dust collection in refinishing process PROC24 Applicable for: Sanding, grinding or chipping of cured putty

2. Operational conditions and risk management measures

2.1. Contributing environmental scenario

Sanding of cured putty

Process conditions:

Potential transfer to process waste water stream when applying wet sanding techniques or wet dust collection



	M(sperc)	Transfer to process waste water	Release after on-site WWTP	Municipal STP
spERC x4 (solids)	Solids in dry film	2%	10%	
spERC x5 (solids)	Solids in dry film	2%	100%	

2.2. Contributing worker scenarios

Sanding and welding of cured putty

	PROC	DOA	LEV/TRV	RPE	DPE
Sanding	24	> 4 h	LEV Prof	no	yes level 2

Further specification:

Above parameters represent standard (default) assumptions according to CEPE mapping of operational conditions Valid information on risk management measures for specific formulation is provided in part 3. Deviation options are explained in part 4 (scaling).

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure assessment bases on initial scenarios for the used chemicals in this preparation as provided by manufactuters and importers. Identification of a lead substance indicator per route is based on the DPD+ methodology, taking into account content, dustiness and hazard characteristics. Use of the mixture is considered safe when conditions for safe use of the lead substance indicator are respected. Risk assessment is not applicable as long as no initial exposure scenarios are available.

3.1. Environmental assessment

No relevant ecotoxicological impact expected; specific description and assessment of environmental exposure obsolete;

3.2. Worker assessment

No relevant toxicological impact expected; specific description and assessment of worker exposure obsolete;

Further specification:

Above exposure assessment is performed for dry content of coating material as supplied. Exposure assessment requires adaptation to ready for use mixture (including reacted compounds where appropriate)

4. Guidance to downstream user to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the exposure scenario

By variation of operational conditions and risk management measures (scaling), a downstream user can check whether he works inside the exposure scenario boundaries.

Standard scaling can be based on exposure modifying factors as used by ECETOC TRA which are listed below.

RCR(s) = RCR(o) * EMF(s)/EMF(o)

RCR(s) shall be < 1

RCR(s) = scaled risk characterisation ratio; RCR(o) = original risk characterisation ratio (in part 3)

EMF(s) = exposure modifying factor selected for scaling; EMF(o) = original exposure modyfing factor (in part 3)

Scaling may be used consecutively for multiple determinants.

Example: No technical room ventilation for mixing of tints (EMF(o) = 0.3), duration of activity restricted to 1 h/d (EMF(s) = 0.2)

Specific scaling may be based on measured values at the individual site.

Content	Content	DOA	DOA	Respiratory protec-		
% range	Factor	h	Factor	tion equipment		
> 25	1	> 4	1		Factor	
5 - 25	0.6	1 - 4	0,6	No RPE	1	
1 - 5	0.2	0,25-1	0,2	Filter mask	0,1	Level 1
< 1	0.1	<0,25	0,1	Air-fed mask	0,05	Level 2



Skin protection equipment	Factor	
No gloves	1	
Suitable gloves	0,2	Level 1
Resistant gloves, training	0,1	Level 2
Resistant gloves, specific training	0,05	Level 3

PROC	Factor for TRV	Factor for LEV Industrial setting	Factor for LEV Professional setting	Factor for LEV Dermal impact
2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.005
8a	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.01
8b	0.3	Sol 0.05	Sol 0.2	0.1
8b	0.3	Vol 0.03	Vol 0.1	0.1
10	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.05
24		0.2	0.25	0.1

PROC	Factor	PROC	Adjusted factor Pro-	Adjusted factor In-
			fessional	dustrial
4 (high volatility)	1	2 (high volatility)	0.2	0.5
5 (high volatility)	1	3 (high volatility)	0.2	0.4
8a (high volatility)	1	8b (high volatility)	0.5	0.6
4 (medium volatility)	1	2 (medium volatility)	0.4	0.5
5 (medium volatility)	1	3 (medium volatility)	0.25	0.5
8a (medium volatility)	1	8b (medium volatility)	0.5	1
4 (low volatility)	1	2 (low volatility)	0.5	0.2
5 (low volatility)	1	3 (low volatility)	0.3	0.6
8a (low volatility)	1	8b (low volatility)	0.4	0.5

Additional explanation

Use by private end consumers (SU 21) not considered as product is assigned for professional use only

Wide dispersive use (ERC 8a-8f) not assessed as professional use in paintshops is considered as non dispersive (point source)

No relevant substance transfer expected to marine water, sediment, or soil due to use in dedicated installations.

Environmental assessment only relevant in case of substance transfer into a waste water stream

Environmental assessment based on ACEA sector specific ERC approach (spERC factors for solids and volatiles)

The spERC approach is only applicable to demonstrate safe use of a substance for environmental aspects under REACH.

It is not suitable to demonstrate compliance with applicable local waste water regulations.

Ingestion (oral route) not assessed as not considered to occur in case of industrial / professioonal use

Hazards due to particle shape negligible due to inclusion into polymer matrix (silicogenic or similar compounds)

Worker exposure assessment based on DNELs is only applicable to demonstrate safe use of substances under REACH.

It is not suitable to demonstrate compliance with applicable occupational exposure limits (as displayed in section 8 of SDS). Occupational exposure limits may apply for residual monomers (e.g. formaldehyde, monomeric isocyanates) which are not assessed under REACH.

Exposure assessment is performed for coating material as supplied.

Adaptation may be required for ready for use mixture depending on selection of specific hardener and diluant

Exposure assessment is performed for application of coating material at ambient temperature.

Adaptation may be required for application at elevated temperature (e.g. hot spraying).

Loss during service life negligible, in any case less than 1 %

Waste stage not assessed as incineration / biological treatment of waste and safe deposition of inert residues is assumed Use for coating of toys, articles designed for prolonged skin contact or indirect food contact needs further assessment No SVHC above declaration threshold contained unless disclosed in section 3 of SDS

Good practice advice

Following advice shall be pursued as long as exposure assessment in part 3 does not contain sufficient information

Recommendation to use technical room ventilation.

Advice to wear skin/eye protection as standard RMM due to risk of splashes/droplets.

Advice to use integrated dust evacuation, in case of air recirculation in accordance to EN 60335.

Recommendation to use respiratory protection equipment when sanding, even in combination with integrated dust evacuation.

Advice to use local exhaust ventilation according to EN 15012 for welding of coated substrates.

Advice to provide spill retention system according to applicable regulation.



Recommendation to avoid contact with water.

Standardised use descriptors according European Chemical Agency (EChA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, chapter R.12

SU 3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
SU 22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services,

craftsmen)

PC9b Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay

PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multi-

stage and/ or significant contact)

PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-

tainers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-

tainers at dedicated facilities

PROC10 Roller application or brushing

PROC24 High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/ or articles ERC4 Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

ERC5 Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

ERC12a Industrial processing of articles with abrasive techniques (low release)

ERC6d Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins,

rubbers, polymers

Glossary

SU Sector of use
PC Product category
PROC Process category

ERC Environmental release category

AC Article category

spERC Sector specific environmental release category (for ACEA uses)

ACEA European automobile manufacturers association
AIRC Federation of vehicle repair organisations

CEPE European council of producers and importers of paints, printing inks and artists' colours

OC Operational condition DOA Duration of activity LEV Local exhaust ventilation Technical room ventilation TRV Risk Management Measures **RMM RPE** Respiratory protection equipment DPE Dermal protection equipment **WWTP** Waste water treatment plant (on-site) **STP** Sewage treatment plant (municipal) Substance of very high concern SVHC LSI Lead substance indicator

M(sperc) Maximum volume of lead substance which can be used safely under conditions described

by CEPE spERC

DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DMEL Derived minimum effect level
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ogy of chemicals

RCR Risk characterisation ratio